

Notes

EL CUENTO DEL TIO.



Carranza suspects Uncle Sam's regime

The situation between Mexico and United States is what our ultra-patriotic neighbour calls "a bit rocky". Mr. Wilson thought he could touch off without being defied. It may be that he has succeeded, but so far he doesn't seem to have got out of the suspicious zone. His little protégé is still watching him through the hole in his hat, although it may be taken for granted that his interference in the first place and his invasion in the second, were both prompted by a earnest desire to see justice done and peace established in his neighbour's back yard.

President Wilson is a calm and reflective man of extremely lofty ideals; possibly not a great statesman or tactician, but a sound and conscientious humanitarian with perhaps an inclination for looking into the abstract more than the concrete. For this, the wirepulling capitalists have succeeded in making him dance a socommunist species of disguised racism occasionally, but it cannot be denied that when all accounts have been settled Yankee intervention in Mexican affairs will be found to have been both brilliant and beneficial.

The present halt in Yankee Mexican relations is due to the fact that President Wilson has found out that the Lionel Carden's warning was both timely and justified, for all that the manner of its deliverance found little acceptance. Carranza owes his success to United States intervention, or to be quite exact, to the peculiar view sustained by Mr. Wilson. Circumstances however, made it necessary that certain of Carranza's countrymen should co-operate with the Yankees rather than with him, and for this the little grasser is grateful. Wilson demands a formal written guarantee that these people shall not be molested. Carranza means to molest them and so,

like the Germans, he has apparently learnt by this time that treaties are really something more than bits of paper, he is trying to dodge the inevitable by offering also like the squareheads a war, which has about the same market value as that of the Kaiser.

According to all authorities the barbarians are now making their supreme effort. It is now neck or nothing. They have had to withdraw almost the entire garrisons from the pillaged Belgian cities to try and hold their own against the allies. Beaten at the front their position will be perilous in the extreme. Public feeling in Germany is changing rapidly, and in spite of the prohibition against the publishing of the truth, the outline of the situation is beginning to leak out. Facts are very stubborn things, and once the barbarians are driven across their own frontiers, and fire and sword carried into their own towns, and the truth disseminated through their own fields there will be more trouble for the Kaiser's philosophy. It is one thing to destroy other people's homes; it is a sadly different one to watch the destruction of one's own. The Germans have enjoyed doing the former, they have presently to beval the latter.

TELEGRAMS

Copies of telegrams received by His Britannic Majesty's Minister at Buenos Aires from the Foreign Office London.

LONDON, October 24th 1914. — (4.20 p.m.) — One of Austrian River Monitors has been blown up on Save by Mine.

LONDON, October 24th 1914. — (6.3 p.m.) — British prohibition of import of sugar has struck heavy blow at German and Austrian trade. Exchanges are already rising rapidly against them owing to their large purchases abroad and sugar being the chief export of great value which they can send out in exchange for goods received from abroad. United Kingdom to only ultimate big market for sugar but has ample supplies owing to foresight of Sugar Commission, which will permit retail sale without loss at rate below that now current. The present measure defeats enemy's efforts to turn stock into money and nullifies their recent action in allowing export of sugar.

LONDON, October 24th 1914. — (6.10 p.m.) — French communiqué, issued at 1.3 p.m., states that enemy has made progress to the north of Dixmude and very appreciably to east of Nieuport. Fighting has been fiercest in the country between Arras and Lille. There have been here invariable fluctuations in fighting line which no note is being held. On the rest of front several day and night attacks by Germans were repulsed at several points. We have made slight progress in Woerw. Our advance has continued south

of Thiancoort and north of Pont a Mousson.

LONDON, October 24th 1914. — (6.10 p.m.) — Despatch from Russian General Staff says.

Vigorous offensive of our armies which have crossed Vistula on broad front meets no resistance from Germans who continue retreating. In trenches under Vangorod we took large quantity of munitions of war which enemy abandoned in its precipitate flight. With Russian continue to fight with desperation on Vistula above Solt, on San and particularly to south of Przemysl. No change on East Prussian front.

LONDON, October 24th 1914. — (6.40 p.m.) — Germans are retreating to the south of Warsaw as well as to the west of it. Russian forces are driving of it. Russian forces are driving of it. Russian forces are driving of it.

LONDON, October 24th 1914. — (6.55 p.m.) — Admiralty announces that yesterday morning and other vessels of British bombing fleet fired on German ships in the North Sea. Much damage was done to enemy by Naval forces which inflicted German loss, and enemy's prisoners testify to heavy losses they have suffered from this cause. Fire was also opened on German batteries near

LAS JORNADAS DE LA GUERRA

LO QUE REPRESENTA LA BATALLA DEL NORTE PARA EL PLAN ESTRATEGICO

DUELO DE EXTERMINIO

LXXVIII

Pasaron muchas jornadas desde aquella en que las tropas alemanas desahucaban por las calles de Bruselas al paso de parada, conservando las distancias como en el Potosí.

La guerra, que empezó a contarse por días y por semanas tiene ya establecida la unidad por.

Ya a cumplir el tercero, desde que se rompiera las hostilidades y la guerra está en pleno auge.

¿Qué consecuencias tendrá para su resultado definitivo la batalla que se está librando en el Norte de Francia y Bélgica?

Los alemanes, en sus diarios beligerantes, mantienen que será definitiva. Si en esta afirmación erran como del término de la ecuación militar planteada la derrota (tutona, por esta vez al menos, estamos de acuerdo en absoluto con los estrategas de Berlín.

Si los aliados fuesen vencidos, otras batallas vendrían a mantener la actividad militar, más, si los alemanes no pue-

den avanzar a lo largo de la costa Norte no les sea imposible mantenerse un día más en territorio de Francia, y lo que decíamos ayer, les será muy difícil la defensiva en Bélgica.

Nadie conoce la cifra de las bajas de uno y otro ejército.

Desde luego, poco se aventura al afirmar que las de los alemanes son muy superiores a las de los aliados, y el decirlo no lo haremos gratuitamente.

Los alemanes, que disponían de mayores contingentes que sus enemigos del Este derrocharon las vidas de sus soldados.

Recordemos aquella marcha loca a través de Francia para llegar a París, y no se olvide la distinta manera de combatir de los beligerantes.

Mientras que los alemanes apalan a la masa, como si no halláramos en tiempo de Federico el Grande, los franceses, y los que a su lado combaten, se mueven en orden disperso, presentando muy escaso blanco a la infantería, y casi nulo a la artillería, y muy susceptible a la ultradispersión de 45°.

El generalísimo Joffre, ha publicado repetidas órdenes y comunicó de instrucciones terminantes a los Comandos regi-

mentales, en el sentido de que ahorraran todo lo posible las vidas de los soldados, al ser muy superior en el punto de vista, según a la bayoneta, arma favorita de los latinos.

El resultado de estos dos criterios, en los altos Comandos se habrá proyectado en una disminución de mortalidad de parte de Francia.

¿Qué ocurrirá forzosamente, fatalmente, si el Kaiser y sus colaboradores de Berlín persisten en este procedimiento? Lo que ya está ocurriendo.

Los últimos contingentes letones que van llegando a las líneas de combate son formados por una muchachada que no alcanza los 20 años de edad y por ancianos que pasaron el medio siglo, "flanes" que marca el comienzo de la decrepitud.

La guerra de exterminio que realiza Alemania a pesar de sus formidable riqueza de trincheras, puede ser el cliente mayor de su derrota que convertida en desastre irremediable, en menos tiempo del que todos calculamos.

Mientras que Alemania envía a combatir sus últimos contingentes, el Ministerio de Guerra de Francia, concede una licencia de 15 días a los soldados del ejército territorial, para que puedan de ejercer a las faenas agrícolas de la estación.

No es esto, uno de los argumentos más sólidos de que está más, mucho más exhausta Alemania, que Francia?

El Nuevo Banco Italiano

SIGUEN LAS ALARMAS

No obstante ser muy justo y razonable el pedido formulado por un número de accionistas del Nuevo Banco Italiano, para que se nombrara una comisión de expertos, que informe sobre el verdadero estado del Banco, el directorio sigue haciendo oídos de mercader.

La lección del Banco Francés, es tan reciente y la situación de los Bancos en general tan sospechosa que, creemos muy fundada la alarma de los accionistas.

Si nuestra hoja no da la noticia, el juez no habría tenido oportunidad de tomar las medidas que veníamos recomendando.

LINEAS "NELSON" DE VAPORES

Próximas salidas para LONDRES

Vapores corrientes

Highland Pride — Noviembre 5.

Highland Warrior — Noviembre 19.

Highland Brae — Noviembre 26.

Por pasajes etc, a los agentes.

NELSON Y WYTHES

309 Cangallo, Buenos Aires

VULCANO Y PROMETEO



LOS DIOS ANDAN SUELTOS POR LA TIERRA COMO EN TIEMPOS DE LA FÁBULA. VULCANO ENCARNANDO EN EL CESAR MALDITO, REMACHA LOS HIERROS DE PROMETEO... A. LA DEDICADA BELICA.

